§ 35.61

SOURCE: 42 FR 60742, Nov. 29, 1977, unless otherwise noted.

§35.61 Applicability.

This subpart sets forth the policies and procedures governing the acceptance and administration of contributions of money or property intended solely for the benefit of all patients in a ward or unit or a particular hospital or station of the Public Health Service, excluding outpatient clinics. Such contributions are distinguishable from (a) monies or other valuables belonging to specific patients which are accepted and held in custody for the convenience of the patient until such time as he or she wishes to withdraw them, and (b) gifts to the United States to support Public Health Service functions under section 501 of the Public Health Service Act or other statutory provisions, which may be accepted and administered only in accordance with such statutory provisions or other applicable laws.

§ 35.62 Acceptance of contributions.

- (a) The officer in charge of a hospital or station or his delegate may accept contributions of money or personal property which are donated for the general benefit of all patients within the hospital or station (or a ward or unit thereof) without further specification or conditions as to use. Contributions tendered subject to conditions by the donor, such as expenditure or use only on behalf of certain patients or for specific purposes, may not be accepted.
- (b) Contribution of money or property shall be accepted in writing.

§35.63 Report of and accounting for contributions.

- (a) Contributions of money accepted pursuant to §35.62 (hereinafter referred to as "patient fund") will be treated consistently with Federal deposit rules and as supplemented with appropriate procedures of the facility. This regulation is not intended to exclude contributions for the benefit of patients from proper accountability and control of funds and property.
- (b) Contributions of property accepted pursuant to §35.62 shall be recorded and accounted for in the same manner as other property of a similar kind

maintained in the hospital or station, but with suitable identification so that it can be distinguished from government-owned property.

§35.64 Donors.

Authorized contributions may be accepted from patients, employees and other individuals, and agencies and organizations.

§ 35.65 Acceptable personal property.

Contributions of personal property which may be accepted pursuant to §35.62 include, but are not limited to, recreational equipment, furniture, radios and television sets. After its useful life, any cash proceeds realized upon disposition of such property shall be deposited to the credit of the patient fund and shall be available for expenditure pursuant to §35.66(c).

§ 35.66 Expenditure of cash contributions.

- (a) Officials authorized to accept contributions shall not maintain control over the actual obligation or expenditure of such monies.
- (b) Only those officers or employees specifically designated in writing by the officer in charge for such purpose may obligate and expend monies from the patient fund. The names of officials so designated shall be provided to the relevant fiscal control office.
- (c) Subject to availability of sufficient funds, monies in the patient fund may be expended for materials, services or activities which contribute to the well-being or morale of patients, including but not limited to provision of reading and entertainment materials, recreation activities, and, in appropriate cases, necessary financial support (including travel expenses, meals, and lodging) of relatives, guardians, or friends of patients to enable such persons to be available for the patient's comfort and support.
- (d) Officers in charge may issue such additional instructions, not inconsistent with this subpart, as may be necessary to implement its provisions.

PART 37—SPECIFICATIONS FOR MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS OF UNDERGROUND COAL MINERS

Subpart—Chest Roentgenographic Examinations

Sec.

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REVIEW AND AVAILABILITY OF RECORDS

- 37.70 Review of interpretations.
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- 37.200 Scope.
- 37.201 Definitions.
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AUTHORITY: Sec. 203, 83 Stat. 763; 30 U.S.C. 843, unless otherwise noted.

SOURCE: 43 FR 33715, Aug. 1, 1978, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart—Chest Roentgenographic Examinations

§37.1 Scope.

The provisions of this subpart set forth the specifications for giving, interpreting, classifying, and submitting chest roentgenograms required by section 203 of the act to be given to underground coal miners and new miners.

§ 37.2 Definitions.

Any term defined in the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 and not defined below shall have the meaning given it in the act. As used in this subpart:

- (a) Act means the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 801, et seq.).
- (b) ALOSH means the Appalachian Laboratory for Occupational Safety and Health, Box 4258, Morgantown, WV 26505. Although the Division of Respiratory Disease Studies, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, has programmatic responsibility for the chest roentgenographic examination program, the Institute's facility in Morgantown—ALOSH—is used throughout this subpart in referring to the administration of the program.
- (c) Chest roentgenogram means a single posteroanterior roentgenographic projection or radiograph of the chest at full inspiration recorded on roentgenographic film.
- (d) Convenient time and place with respect to the conduct of any examination under this subpart means that the examination must be given at a reasonable hour in the locality in which the miner resides or a location that is equally accessible to the miner. For example, examinations at the mine during, immediately preceding, or immediately following work and a "no appointment" examination at a medical facility in a community easily accessible to the residences of a majority of the miners working at the mine, shall be considered of equivalent convenience for purposes of this paragraph.
- (e) Institute and NIOSH mean the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Center for Disease Control, Public Health Service, Department of Health and Human Services.